

2020 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Mt Olivet Wa	the Assoc	
Public Water	r System Name	
540013		
List PWS ID #s for all Community	Water Systems included in this CCR	
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Commic Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or proprocedures when distributing the CCR.	ne population served by the PWS, this	CCR must be mailed or delivered to
CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply.)	
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, w	rater bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)		6-1-2021
□ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)		
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)	9.	2
□ Other		
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water	bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL):		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment		
$\hfill\Box$ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email message		
$\hfill\Box$ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR of	r proof of publication) Pani	Juan
□ Posted in public places (attach list of locations)		
□ Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct URL):		
I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the custor above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDW and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring of Water Supply.	A. I further certify that the information	tion included in this CCR is true
Name	Title	Date
	(Select one method ONLY)	
You must email, fax (not preferred), or mail a	TO CI DOCTO DOS	
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms	<u>.gov</u>
P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	Fax: (601) 576-7800	(NOT PREFERRED)



2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Mt. Olivet Water Association PWS ID # MS 0540013 May 26, 2021

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is two wells, drawing from the Tallahatta Formation Aquifer.

Our source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells have received a **moderate susceptibility** ranking to contamination. This report shows our water quality and what it means.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Don Phelps at 662-609-2509. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on first Monday of each month at 7:00 p.m. at the Mt.Olivet Fire Department.

Mt.Olivet Water Association Water System routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2020

As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Parts per million (ppm) - Milligrams per liter (mg/L).

Parts per billion (ppb) - Micrograms per liter (ug/L).

				TEST	RESUL	TS		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N		Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG or MRDG	MCL or MRDL	Likely Source of Contamination
	(There is	s convinci	ing evide	Disinfectants & nee that addition of a dis				icrobial contaminants.)
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)		2020	1.20	1.0—1.6	Ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
				Inorga	nic Contamina	ents		
Barium	N	*2019	0.016	No-Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Cyanide	N	*2019	0.018	No-range	Ppin	2	2	Discharge of mining processes, organic chemical industries, iron and steel plants or manufactures, and publicly owned wastewater treatment facilities
Copper	N	2020	0.3	.01139	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Fluoride	Z	* 2019	0.1	No-Range	Ppm	4.0	4.0	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Lead	N	2020	1.0	n/a	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
				Uaregub	eted Contam	inants		
Sodium	N	*2019	3,000	No-Range	Ppb	250,000	250,000	Road salt, Water treatment chemicals, Water softeners, and Sewage effluents

^{*}Most recent sample. No sample was required in 2020

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Mt. Olivet Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791)

Your CCR will not be mailed to you however; you may obtain a copy from the Mt.Olivet Water Office please call (662) 563-5189 if you have questions.

Publisher's Certificate of Publication

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF PANOLA

Rebecca Alexander, being duly sworn, on oath says she is and during all times herein stated has been an employee of Batesville Newsmedia publisher and printer of the The Panolian (the "Newspaper"), has full knowledge of the facts herein stated as follows:

1. The Newspaper printed the copy of the matter attached hereto (the "Notice") was copied from the columns of the Newspaper and was printed and published in the English language on the following days and dates:

06/02/21

- The sum charged by the Newspaper for said publication is the actual lowest classified rate paid by commercial customer for an advertisement of similar size and frequency in the same newspaper in which the Notice was published.
- 3. There are no agreements between the Newspaper, publisher, manager or printer and the officer or attorney charged with the duty of placing the attached legal advertising notice whereby any advantage, gain or profit accrued to said officer or attorney

Rebecca Alexander, Publisher

Kehecan Olexandan

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd Day of June, 2021





Shandale Goodman, Notary Public State of Mississippi My commission expires 07-30-2022

Account # 185951 Ad # 1249942

MT. OLIVET WATER ASSOCIATION P.O. BOX 421 BATESVILLE MS 38606

2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Mt. Olivet Water Association

PWS ID # MS 0540013 May 26, 2021

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report, This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a sale and dependable supply of drinking water, We want you to understand the offorts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is two wells, drawing from the Tallahatta Formation Aquifer.

Our source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination. This report shows our water quality and what it means.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Don Phelps at 662-609-2509. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on first Monday of each month at 7:00 p.m. at the Mt.Olivet Fire Department.

Mt.Olivet Water Association Water System routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 19 December 31st, 2020

As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set us close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety

Parts per million (upm) - Milligrams per liter (mg/L)

Parts per billion (pph) = Micrograms per liter (ug/L).

				TEST	T RESUL	TS		
Contaminant	Variation VN		Level Detected	Manue of Detects or # 0 Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Joa Measurement	MCLG or MRDG	MELa	Likely Source of Contamination
	(There is	convinc	ne cride	Districtants &				icrobial contaminants, I
Chloring (as C(2) (ppin)		2020	1.20	1,0-1,6	Ppu	*	*	Water additive used to control
				Inorea	nie Contemin	ette.		MAYA 14
Varium	N	*2#19	0.016	No-Range	pp	100	100	Discharge from seed and pulp milk; evolen of natural deposits
Cyanide	N	*2019	0.018	No-ciage	pm	1	2	Discharge of mining processes, organic chemical industries, iron and teel plents or manufactures, and publicly owned wastewater treatment facilities.
Cryper	×	2020	63	011-30	P)	13	AL-13	umosion of household plumbing stems; crosion of natural deposits;
isede	×	* 2019	ü	Nu-Range	Ppm-	i.e	£0	frozen of annul describe, water additive which promotes strong teeth discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Lead	N.	2020	1.0	100	pp	b	ALNIA	Corrosion of household plumbing
	-			Unregula	eted Contam	inants	or all	
Nullen	S	*2014	1,000	Nii-Range	Pph	250,000	250,000	Read salt, Water treatment chemicals, Water sellectes, and Secure offloories

Most recent sample. No sample was required in 2020
Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant worthering its assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether

If present, clevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children In present, develocitives of teach can cause sectious nearing proteins, specially for pregnant wonten and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and thome plumbing. Alt. Olivet Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been stifting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for the exposure by finhsting your trap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hottine or al http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead, Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reusonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some containinants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunicompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIVAIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their bealth care providers. EPACDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Saie Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Vanir CRW all not be mailed to you havever; you may abtain a copy from the Mt.Olivet Water Office please call (662) 563-5189 If you have questions.